| | Payroll Deduction IRA | SEP | SIMPLE IRA Plan | |
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| Key Advantage | Easy to set up and maintain. | Easy to set up and maintain. | Salary reduction plan with little administrative paperwork. | |
| Employer Eligibility | Any employer with one or more employees. | Any employer with one or more employees. | Any employer with 100 or fewer employees that does not currently maintain another retirement plan. | |
| Employer's Role | Arrange for employees to make payroll deduction contributions. Transmit contributions for employees to IRA. No annual filing requirement for employer. | Set up plan by completing IRS Form 5305-SEP. No annual fil- ing requirement for employer. | Set up plan by completing IRS Form 5304-SIM-PLE or IRS Form 5305-SIMPLE. No annual filing requirement for employer. Bank or financial institution processes most of the paperwork. | |
| Contributors To The Plan | Employee contributions remitted through payroll deduction. | Employer contributions only. | Employee salary reduction contributions and employer contributions. | |
| Maximum Annual Contribution (Per participant) | \$3,000 for 2002 – 2004; \$4,000 for 2005 – 2007; \$5,000 for 2008. Additional contributions can be made by partici- pants age 50 or over. | Up to 25% of compensation ¹ or a maximum of \$40,000. | Employee: Up to \$7,000 (for 2002) with \$1,000 annual incremental increases until the limit reaches \$10,000 in 2005. Additional contributions can be made by participants age 50 or over. Employer: Either match employee contributions 100% of first 3% of compensation (can be reduced to as low as 1% in any 2 out of 5 yrs.); or contribute 2% of each eligible employee's compensation ² . | |
| Contributor's Options | Employee can decide how much to contribute at any time. | Employer can decide whether to make contributions year-to-year. | Employee can decide how much to contribute. Employer must make matching contributions or contribute 2% of each employee's compen- sation. ² | |
| Minimum Employee Coverage Requirements | Should be made available to all employees. | Must be offered to all employees who are at least 21 years of age, employed by the employer for 3 of the last 5 years and had earned income of \$450 (for 2002). | Must be offered to all employees who have earned income of at least \$5,000 in any prior 2 years, and are reasonably expected to earn at least \$5,000 in the current year. | |
| Withdrawals, Loans and Payments | Withdrawals permitted anytime subject to Federal income taxes; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. | Withdrawals permitted any- time subject to Federal income taxes; early with- drawals subject to tax penalty. | Withdrawals permitted anytime subject to Federal income taxes; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. | |
| Vesting | Contributions are immediately 100% vested. | Contributions are immediately 100% vested. | Employer and employee contributions are immediately vested 100%. | |

¹ Maximum compensation on which 2002 contribution can be based is \$200,000.

| Defin | | | |
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| 401(k) | Profit-Sharing | Money Purchase | Defined Benefit |
| Permits higher level of salary deferrals by employees than other retirement vehicles. | Permits employer to make large contributions for employees. | Permits employer to make large contributions for employees. | Provides a fixed, pre-estab- lished benefit for employees. |
| Any employer with one or more employees. | Any employer with one or more employees. | Any employer with one or more employees. | Any employer with one or more employees. |
| No model form to establish this plan. Advice from a financial institution or employee benefit advisor may be necessary. Annual filing of Form 5500 is required. Also may require annual non-discrimination testing to ensure plan does not discriminate in favor of highly compensated employees. | No model form to establish this plan. Advice from a financial institution or employee benefit advisor may be necessary. Annual filing of Form 5500 is required. | No model form to establish this plan. Advice from a financial institution or employee benefit advisor may be necessary. Annual filing of Form 5500 is required. | No model form to establish this plan. Advice from a financial institution or employee benefit advisor would be necessary. Annual filing of Form 5500 is required. An actuary must determine annual contributions. |
| Employee salary reduction contributions and/or employer contributions. | Annual employer contribution is discretionary. | Employer contributions are fixed. | Primarily funded by employer. |
| Employee: \$11,000 in 2002 with \$1,000 annual incremental increases until the limit reaches \$15,000 in 2006. Additional contributions can be made by participants age 50 or over. Employer/Employee Combined: Contributions per participant up to the lesser of 100% of compensation or \$40,000. Employer can deduct amounts that do not exceed 25% of aggregate compensation for all participants. | Contributions per participant up to the lesser of 100% of compensation or \$40,000. Employer can deduct amounts that do not exceed 25% of aggregate compensation for all participants. | Contributions per participant up to the lesser of 100% of compensation or \$40,000. Employer can deduct amounts that do not exceed 25% of aggregate compensation for all participants. | Actuarially determined contribution. |
| Employee can elect how much to contribute pursuant to a salary reduction agreement. The employer can make additional contributions, including possible matching contributions, as set by plan terms. | Employer makes contribution as set by plan terms. Employee contributions, if allowed, as set by plan terms. | Employer makes contribution as set by plan terms. Employee contributions, if allowed, as set by plan terms. | Employer generally required to make contribution as set by plan terms. |
| Generally, must be offered to all employees at least 21 years of age who worked at least 1,000 hours in a previous year. | Generally, must be offered to all employees at least 21 years of age who worked at least 1,000 hours in a previous year. | Generally, must be offered to all employees at least 21 years of age who worked at least 1,000 hours in a previous year. | Generally, must be offered to all employees at least 21 years of age who worked at least 1,000 hours in a previous year. |
| Withdrawals permitted after a specified event occurs (e.g., retirement, plan termination, etc.). Plan may permit loans and hardship withdrawals; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. | Withdrawals permitted after a specified event occurs (e.g., retirement, plan termination, etc.). Plan may permit loans; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. | Payment of benefits after a specified event occurs (e.g., retirement, plan termination, etc.). Plan may permit loans; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. | Payment of benefits after a specified event occurs (e.g., retirement, plan termination, etc.). Plan may permit loans; early withdrawals subject to tax penalty. |
| Employee salary deferrals are immediately 100% vested. Employer contributions may vest over time according to plan terms. | Employer contributions may vest over time according to plan terms. Employee contributions, if any, are immediately 100% vested. | Employer contributions may vest over time according to plan terms. Employee contributions, if any, are immediately 100% vested. | Right to benefits may vest over time according to plan terms. |

² Maximum compensation on which 2002 employer 2% non-elective contributions can be based is \$200,000. www.irs.gov or ordered over the phone at I-800-TAX-FORM (I-800-829-3676).